RICHARD WILSON Approved For Release 2000/08/26 : CIA

A---Total Immunity:

STATINTL

In a bizarre legal action in Baltimore one Estonian emigre is suing another for slandering him by calling him a Soviet secret agent. The by the way, which has a federal defense, to which the CIA certifies, is the defendant emigre was a CIA agent acting under CIA orders and therefore totally immune from legal. responsibility for what he said publicly about his fellow emigre.

The government is taking this matter very seriously both from the point of view of shielding the black arts of the CIA and in establishing the privilege of government. officials in the performance of their ? duties.

It does not seem to matter, in this legal action, whether or not the CIA's emigre lied or told the truth in labeling his fellow Estonian as a Soviet agent. The government contends that he was ordered to do so by his employer, the CIA, and therefore he cannot be called into court to answer for his acts.

So serious is the whole matter that a number of CIA people have come in from the cold to appear publicly in court in Baltimore. Five govern- inity to arrest him by appearing in ment lawyers are handling the CIA agent in his court appearances, pulling him off the stand at intervals to instruct him in his answers to questions so that he will not unwittingly reveal how the CIA spy apparatus works.

Only the great fictional secret agent 007, James Bond, would know what is really going on, who is a double or triple agent and why the CIA ordered its agent to denounce his fellow emigre. The CIA may be beyond comprehension, but the legal principle on which it relies is not.

This is a highly pernicious principle as it is being applied and is appalling in its ultimate implications. Any truth or lie uttered by a public official against any citizen, under this principle, is privileged if the truth or lie was uttered in the line of duty. A government official, by this standard, has the same im-munity as a member of Congress in what he says during official sessions of Congress. Presumably anyone who publishes what the official says... would have the same immunity. A officials lest harassing legal actions bureaucrat can therefore call an dampen their ardor in the discharge honest citizen a thief and get away with it. The citizen has no recourse. if the bureaucrat was acting on offi-sitting in this case, is not to be encial instructions, or even within the

that it shocks the sensibilities to hear it put forward in this context. as sound legal principle, a principle, judge in Baltimore completely stumped.

The Estonian who made the charge would be hard put to prove it . without, and perhaps with, the support of the CIA. Exactly how it is to be proved in court, even by the CIA, that a person who denies the charge so vehemently is or was in the employ of the Russian KGB is a little hard to visualize. What obviously bothers the CIA is not that one of its agents might have to pay a heavy. judgment for slander. There are plenty of secret funds for that contingency. But if it could prove the Estonian was a KGB agent it would have to reveal how it found out. The possibility always remains that it could not prove the accusation even after revealing how it found out.

` If the accused Estonian is in fact, an agent of KGB, as averred by CIA, he is very cunning and audacious. He gave the FBI a perfect opportucourt in Baltimore last week.

The principle of immunity for official acts and statements may be justified in many cases. A 5-4 Supreme Court decision in the Barr v Mateo case, also a slander action, established the immunity of public statements made by government officials and employes. Government officials acting in good faith are entitled to qualified protection if they speak without malice. But if they speak with malice and are proved wrong then it is the victim of their words, who is without protection and must suffer unjustly. That seems to be the case at present.

When secrecy and immunity are combined, as in the Estonian emigre case, a malicious instrument has been created for the destruction of a man's entire career by careless or venomous public officials, and he has no remedy.

We have moved into new conditions since Barr v Mateo and since , the late Judge Learned Hand came down in favor of giving the benefit of the doubt and good faith to public. of their duties.

Judge Roszel C. Thomsen, who is Approved in the perimeters of the period of vied. He has rightly shown respect This seems so patently absurd without immunity is, the problem.